# Notes from 2/28/24 ADHD and Friendship

### What do we as ADHDers offer as friends? ©

Accepting and Inclusive Creativity Empathy Energy Engaging conversations Enthusiasm Exciting and fun Humor Loyalty Spontaneity Trusting Quick thinking Unique perspectives

### What does having friends offer us? ©

Accountability A place where we can be ourselves A sense of acceptance and belonging Challenge our perspectives, expand our worldview Community Connection Courage Creation of healthy, positive memories **Discovery of new interests** Emotional regulation – someone to check in with to see how they see/feel the situation, etc. Essential to well-being of all humans - naturally social, communal creatures Exploration of shared interests Laughter Life enhancing Partner to do difficult things, try adventurous things, travel Reassurance Sounding board Support – real world, real time; from rides to raising mon ey

Mention: Types of friendships  $\rightarrow$  Dr. Sharon Saline (2023) Intimates, Best Buddies, Pals, Acquaintances, Strangers She wrote What Your ADHD Child Wishes You Knew

# Key comments about what type of friend is what type of friend

The difficulty of moving through those bands – may feel like we've connected more deeply quickly and be incorrect; struggle to identify who goes in what "band."

Who to call when need someone?

Friends who stick and are okay with it falling away and coming back together; others who "give up."

Relationship as negotiation.

Struggle to let go of friendships because life stage changes – friendship isn't balanced. Trying too much be a part of their lives and they pull back. Others who are looking for me and not able to carve out time/space for them. Geography, partner/marriage changes, children, etc.

# What ADHD traits/behaviors and/or associated experiences interfere with our ability to make or keep friends?

Apologizing "all the time" and accepting the blame too quickly for "everything" Being "too much," "too energetic" or going "all in" Blunt/Directness/Abrasive Boredom (needing a break from friends, appearing inconsistent, unreliable) Chameleon Disliking large gatherings (overwhelm, attention concerns, preferring to be one on one or in small groups) Emotional dysregulation Endings – ADHDers don't typically like endings so we hang on to friends even if not healthy Fear: of rejection, of being taking advantage of, of loss, of being embarrassed, of disappointing them or them disappointing me Hyperactivity aka fidgeting Impulsiveness (creating/canceling plans at last minute; bluntness/speaking before thinking/sending emails or texts before thinking/overing unsolicited advice) Inability to sustain focus during interactions Inflexibility (cognitive as executive function) Impulsivity (cutting off friendships when hurt or disappointed; jumping deeply into friendship without getting to really know them first) Interrupting (impulsiveness) and fast talking as aggressiveness Lack of engagement perceived as shyness, aloofness Low self-esteem/negative self-image/negative narratives Masking Moodiness Over-sharing Over-thinking

Overwhelm (see struggle below; and being overwhelmed by the other person(s) schedules, challenges, etc) Out of sight out of mind Physical clumsiness Previous exclusion or harassment Previous experiences having been bullied or teased Previous trauma Rejection sensitivity dysphoria Shame and guilt Social anxiety Social chameleon Struggle to manage the day to day (overwhelm) Symptoms of associated depression Time blindness (how has it been since you last spoke to ?) Unintentionally or intentionally stealing the spotlight when in a group ("holding court") Working memory and other memory impacts (birthdays, things that matter to them)

## **END PART ONE**

### **NEXT WEEK: PART TWO**

Whether we are neuro-spicy or neuro-boring.... What can we do/learn that would support our ability to get to know new friends and keep our longer-term friends?

Maybe we can talk about: Endings and transitions more, too Being okay with others not liking us Be a friend with the gifts/challenges we have How and what to disclose to friends about our ADHD, Autism Share examples of changes we've made

# RESOURCES

https://www.verywellmind.com/how-to-make-friends-when-you-have-adhd-20402

Sources referenced in this article:

Storebø OJ, Elmose Andersen M, Skoog M, et al. <u>Social skills training for attention deficit</u> <u>hyperactivity disorder (ADHD) in children aged 5 to 18 years</u>. *Cochrane Database Syst Rev.* 2019;6(6):CD008223. doi:10.1002/14651858.CD008223.pub3

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. <u>Other concerns and conditions with ADHD</u>. Last reviewed September 2020.

Volkow ND, Swanson JM. <u>Clinical practice: Adult attention deficit-hyperactivity</u> <u>disorder</u>. N Engl J Med. 2013;369(20):1935-1944. doi:10.1056/NEJMcp1212625

Dan O, Raz S. The relationships among ADHD, self-esteem, and test anxiety in young adults. J Atten Disord. 2012;19(3):231-239. doi:10.1177/1087054712454571

Anxiety and Depression Association of America. <u>Adult ADHD (attention deficit hyperactive disorder)</u>.

Chonody JM, Gabb J. <u>Understanding the role of relationship maintenance in enduring couple partnerships in later adulthood</u>. *Marriage & Family Review*. 2018;55(3):216–238. doi:10.1080/01494929.2018.1458010

Campbell K, Holderness N, Riggs M. <u>Friendship chemistry: An examination of underlying factors</u>. *Soc Sci J.* 2015;52(2):239–247. doi:10.1016/j.soscij.2015.01.005

Briguglio M, Vitale JA, Galentino R, et al. <u>Healthy eating, physical activity, and sleep</u> hygiene (HEPAS) as the winning triad for sustaining physical and mental health in patients at risk for or with neuropsychiatric disorders: Considerations for clinical practice. *Neuropsychiatr Dis Treat.* 2020;16:55–70. doi:10.2147/NDT.S229206

Geffen J, Forster K. <u>Treatment of adult ADHD: A clinical perspective</u>. *Ther Adv Psychopharmacol*. 2018;8(1):25–32. doi:10.1177/2045125317734977

https://www.psychologytoday.com/us/blog/on-your-way-with-adhd/202305/adult-adhd-and-friendship

https://www.theminiadhdcoach.com/living-with-adhd/adhd-friendship

https://www.additudemag.com/adhd-and-friendships-types/

https://www.additudemag.com/step-back-from-symptoms-and-see-yourself-clearly-to-rescue-faltering-friendships/?src=embed\_link

https://www.additudemag.com/slideshows/making-adult-friends/?src=embed\_link

https://www.additudemag.com/how-to-make-friends-adult-woman/?src=embed link

https://chadd.org/adhd-news/adhd-news-adults/being-social-and-making-friends-as-an-adultwith-adhd/

https://d393uh8gb46l22.cloudfront.net/wpcontent/uploads/2018/06/ATTN\_02\_11\_FriendshipBooster.pdf

https://d393uh8gb46l22.cloudfront.net/wpcontent/uploads/2018/06/ATTN 02 11 WomenFriendship.pdf

https://www.webmd.com/add-adhd/adult-adhd-dating-friendships

https://www.businessinsider.com/friendship-is-harder-for-people-with-adhd-rejection-masking-2023-10

https://medium.com/@cynthia\_91418/adhd-and-friendships-b33a70c4b4c4

https://www.understood.org/en/articles/adhd-adult-friendship

https://drsharonsaline.com/2023/04/19/making-and-keeping-friends-as-an-adult-with-adhd/

https://www.psychologytoday.com/us/blog/the-gift-adhd/201410/dos-and-don-ts-in-your-friendship-add-adults

https://impactparents.com/blog/adhd/girls-will-boys-friendship-factors/

https://adhdireland.ie/how-to-make-friends-a-guide-for-kids-with-adhd-and-their-parents-too/